

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of cleaning a cylinder of a printing press, the printing press comprising a frame, a cleaning fabric supply element mounted with respect to the frame and having a wound strip of cleaning fabric, a cleaning fabric take-up means mounted with respect to the frame, and means supported by the frame for guiding the strip of cleaning fabric from the supply element to the take-up means, the method comprising:

dipping said wound strip of cleaning fabric into a container containing a cleaning solvent for a short period of time so as not to soak said wound strip of cleaning fabric, said container mounted with respect to the frame of the printing press and located between the cleaning fabric supply element and the cylinder such that ~~[[the]]~~ an introduction of the cleaning solvent to the cleaning fabric eliminates the need for using pumps, spray bars, manifold lines and valves;

unwinding said strip of cleaning fabric containing the solvent from said cleaning fabric supply element; and

cleaning said cylinder with a cylinder cleaning means mounted with respect to the frame for bringing said strip of cleaning fabric containing the solvent into contact with the cylinder, thereby creating a used strip of cleaning fabric which is received by the take-up means.

2. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising winding said used strip of cleaning fabric on a take-up shaft.

3. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein said strip of cleaning fabric to be fed out of the cleaning fabric supply element is dipped into said solvent until said strip of cleaning fabric absorbs a measured amount of said solvent such that said strip of cleaning fabric is saturated to functional equilibrium with said solvent.

4. (currently amended) The method as defined in claim 3 further comprising a step of removing said strip of cleaning fabric supply roll from said container containing said solvent.

5. (previously presented) The method of claim 3 further comprising removing excess solvent from said saturated strip of cleaning fabric to obtain a strip of cleaning fabric saturated to functional equilibrium before cleaning the cylinder with said saturated strip of cleaning fabric.

6. (previously presented) The method of claim 5 wherein only a portion of said cleaning fabric supply element from where the strip of cleaning fabric is unwound from is dipped in the container containing said solvent prior to unwinding the strip of cleaning fabric from said cleaning fabric supply element.

9. (previously presented) The method of claim 5 wherein said removing said excess solvent comprises squeezing said excess solvent from said strip of cleaning fabric.

10. (previously presented) The method of claim 5 further comprising storing said removed excess solvent in said container.

11. (previously presented) The method of claim 5 further comprising storing said removed excess solvent in a separate excess solvent container.

17. (previously presented) The method of claim 1 wherein dipping said cleaning fabric supply element comprises dipping at least substantially all of said cleaning fabric supply element in the container containing said solvent.

51. (currently amended) A method of cleaning a cylinder of a printing press, comprising:

dipping a cleaning fabric supply roll into a vat of solvent for a short period of time so as not to soak said supply roll;

removing a strip of cleaning fabric from the supply roll containing the solvent; and

cleaning the cylinder of the printing press with the strip without using pumps, spray bars, manifold lines and valves.

52. (previously added) The method according to claim 51 wherein the dipping includes dipping all of the cleaning fabric supply roll into the solvent.

53. (previously added) The method according to claim 51 wherein all of the cleaning fabric supply roll is removed from the solvent after the dipping.

54. (previously added) The method according to claim 51 wherein the solvent is a low volatility, organic compound solvent which does not evaporate readily at ambient temperature and pressure.

55. (previously added) The method according to claim 54 wherein the organic compound solvent is selected from the group consisting of vegetable oils, citrus oils, mineral spirits, aliphatic hydrocarbon solvents, and any combinations thereof.

56. (previously added) The method according to claim 51 further including placing the

cleaning fabric supply roll into a cylinder cleaning system.

57. (previously presented) The method according to claim 56 wherein the dipping of the roll into the solvent is done independent of the printing press.

58. (currently amended) The method according to claim 57 wherein the ~~container~~ vat is in the proximity of the printing press cylinder to be cleaned.

59. (previously added) The method according to claim 51 wherein the strip of cleaning fabric after removed from the cleaning fabric supply roll is at functional equilibrium with the solvent.

60. (previously presented) The method according to claim 51 further including a step of removing excess solvent from the strip of cleaning fabric to obtain a strip of cleaning fabric saturated to functional equilibrium with the solvent.

61. (previously presented) The method according to claim 60 further including feeding the strip of cleaning fabric into a printing press of the type having at least two rollers and controlling a gap size between the rollers to regulate excess solvent removed from the strip.

62. (previously added) The method according to claim 56 wherein the cleaning fabric supply roll is wound on a cleaning fabric supply shaft.

63. (previously presented) A method of cleaning a cylinder of a printing press, comprising :

removing a strip of cleaning fabric from a cleaning fabric supply roll;

treating said strip of cleaning fabric in a vat of solvent for a short period of time so as not to soak said strip of cleaning fabric wherein the strip of cleaning fabric is at functional equilibrium with the solvent after said treatment; and

cleaning the cylinder of the printing press with the strip of cleaning fabric without using pumps, spray bars, manifold lines and valves.

64. (previously presented) The method according to claim 63 wherein the treating further comprises exposing the strip of cleaning fabric to the solvent.

65. (previously presented) The method according to claim 63 wherein the treating further comprises submerging the strip of cleaning fabric into the solvent.

66. (previously presented) The method according to claim 63 wherein the treating further includes dipping the strip of cleaning fabric into the solvent.

67. (previously added) The method according to claim 63 wherein said treating further includes removing excess solvent to obtain functional equilibrium of the strip with the solvent.

68. (previously presented) A method of cleaning a cylinder of a printing press, comprising:

dipping a cleaning fabric supply roll into a vat of solvent for a short period of time so as not to soak said wound strip of cleaning fabric; and

cleaning the cylinder of the printing press with the cleaning fabric supply roll without using pumps, spray bars, manifold lines and valves.

69. (previously added) The method according to claim 68 wherein the supply roll includes a wound strip of cleaning fabric and the strip is at functional equilibrium with the solvent after the dipping.

70. (previously added) The method according to claim 68 further including removing excess solvent from the cleaning fabric supply roll.